1.

Identification of Substance & Company

Product		
Product name Other names ACVM HSNO approval UN number DG class Proper Shipping Name Packaging group Hazchem code Uses	Karbyon no other names P8557 HSR000064 NA NA NA NA NA NA Control of fungal diseases in grapes, citrus and pip fruit	
Company Details		
Company Address	Biostart LTD 17 Reta Crescent Kerepehi 3671 New Zealand	Biostart Brands PTY Ltd L1/109 Jessie St Armidale NSW 2350 Australia
Telephone Website	0800 116 229 biostart.co.nz	1800 359 555 biostart.com.au

Approval in New Zealand

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR000064): The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Hazard Identification

Classes

Hazard Statements

2.

Eye irritation category 2 Designed for biocidal action H320 - Causes eye irritation.

SYMBOLS WARNING

Australian GHS Classification

Eye irritation cat. 2

H320 - Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention	P103 - Read label before use. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 - Wear eye protection.
Response	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage Disposal	No storage statements P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Component		CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
ootassium bicarbonate		298-14-6	90%
organic spray oil		mixture	10%
his is a commercial product wh	ose exact ratio of components may var	ry. Trace quantities of impurities	are also likely.
	4. First Aid	d	
eneral Information			
	sons Centre if you feel that you may ha OISON) (24 hr emergency service). Ready access to running water is r		his product. The
xposure			
wallowed ye contact kin contact nhaled	Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a g IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with present and easy to do. Apply com holding eyelids apart. If eye irritatio IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of s advice/attention. Generally, inhalation of dusts is un	water for several minutes. Rem tinuous irrigation with water for a on persists: Get medical advice. soap and water. If skin irritation of	ove contact lenses, at least 15 minutes occurs: get medical
	dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.		
dvice to Doctor			
reat symptomatically			
, , ,	5. Firefighting M	easures	
ire and explosion hazards:	There are no specific risks for fire/		not classed as
uitable extinguishing ubstances:	flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing pow	rder, foam, fog sprays, water jet	5.
nsuitable extinguishing ubstances:	Unknown.		
roducts of combustion:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion May form toxic mixtures in air and spaces, forming potentially explosi	may accumulate in sumps, pits ive mixtures.	
Protective equipment: lazchem code:	No special measures are required. NA		
	6. Accidental Releas	se Measures	
containment	If greater than 10000L is stored, se manage any potential spills must b discharge to storm water.		
mergency procedures	Generally, the containers size will occurs: Stop leak if safe or necess container for disposal. Dispose of a	ary. Isolate area. Collect spill, s	see below. Transfer
lean-up method	This product is not considered flan special clean up method. Larger s and collected.	nmable or ecotoxic. Small spills	do not require any
isposal	Mop up and collect recoverable ma Recycle containers wherever poss landfill. Dispose of only in accord v	ible. This material may be suital with all regulations.	
recautions	No special protective clothing is no		
	7. Storage & Ha		
torage	Avoid storage of harmful substanc order to minimise contamination. I contact with incompatible substanc	Keep from extreme heat and op ces as listed in Section 10.	en flames. Avoid
landling	Keep exposure to a minimum, and section 8 with regard to personal p	I minimise the quantities kept in	
age 2 of 7			

8.

Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m ³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m ³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.				
NZ Workplace Exposure Stds	Ingredient Oil mist	WES-TWA* 5mg/m ³	WES-STEL data unavailable	
Exposure Standards - Australia				
Australian Exposure Standards	Oil mist	5mg/m ³	data unavailable	
Engineering Control	2			

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

reisonal riolective Equipment	
Eyes	Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.
Skin	Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time.
Respiratory	Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.
WES Additional Information	
Not applicable	
	9. Physical & Chemical Properties
Appearance	white to off white powder

Appearance	white to off white powder		
Odour	mild characteristic odour		
Odour threshold	no data		
pH	8.2-8.7 (1% solution)		
Freezing / melting point	liquid at room temperature		
Boiling point	as for water (100°C)		
Flash point	no data		
Flammability	no data		
Upper & lower flammable limits	no data		
Vapour pressure	no data		
Vapour density	no data		
Specific gravity / density	0.76-0.86g/cm ³		
Solubility	completely soluble in water		
Partition Coefficient:	no data		
Auto-ignition temperature	no data		
Decomposition temperature	no data		
Viscosity	no data		
Particle characteristics	no data		
10. Stability & Reactivity			
Stability	Stable		
Conditions to be avoided	Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme		
	heat and open flames.		
Incompatible groups	Strong acids and bases, oxidisers.		
Substance Specific	none known		
Incompatibility			

products		Oxides of carbon		
Hazardous reactions		none known		
		11. Toxicological Information		
Summary	1			
IF IN EYE IF ON SK IF INHALI	OWED: no known effec S: may be irritating to th IN: does not result in ski ED: no known effects. Si C TOXICITY: no known e	e eye. in irritation. ubstance has a very low vapour pressure.		
Supporti	ng Data			
Acute Chronic	Oral Dermal Inhaled Eye Skin Sensitisation Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive / Developmental Systemic Aggravation of existing conditions	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: organic spray oil >5000mg/kg. No evidence of dermal toxicity. No evidence of inhalation toxicity. The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant. The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation. No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.		
		12. Ecological Data		
Summary	1			
	ned oils have a very low ay be ecotoxic towards	v toxicity towards aquatic organisms. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. This aquatic organisms.		
Supporti	ng Data			
		 Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 1 and 100 mg/L and none of the components are considered bioaccumulative or persistent in the aquatic environment. Data considered includes: potassium bicarbonate LC₅₀ (4 days) 68 mg/L (fish), EC₅₀ (48 h) 200 mg/L (aquatic invertebrates) No evidence Not considered degradable, but will biodegrade. Log Kow 3.9-6 (estimates). No evidence of soil toxicity. Not considered ecotoxic towards terrestrial vertebrates (see acute toxicity) No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates. 		
Biocidal Environn	nental effect levels	no data No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients		
	nental effect levels			
		No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients		

Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	Hazchem code:	NA
IMDG			
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	Hazchem code:	NA
ΙΑΤΑ			
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	Hazchem code:	NA
		15. Regulatory Information	

14.

NZ regulations

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR000064.All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

ACVM approval number: P8557.

Specific Controls

Key requirements are:	
SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.
Emergency plan	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Certified handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bunding & secondary containment	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Signage	Required if > 10000L is stored.
Location compliance certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.
Noto: The above workplace requirement	s apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

Australian regulations			
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP) Applicable prohibitions and		Not scheduled Not listed	
notifications/licensing requirem	ents		
Agricultural and Veterinary		Not listed	
Chemicals Act Listing in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Additional information		Potassium bicarbonate - IMAP - Tier I - Human Health Mineral oil - IMAP - Tier II - Human Health Not applicable	
		16. Other Information	
Abbreviations			
Approval Code	Approv	al HSR000064, Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz	
AICS		lian Inventory of Chemical Substances	
CAS Number		Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number	
Ceiling	Ceiling	Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical o which a worker may be exposed at any time.	
Controls Matrix		default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, 116).	
EC ₅₀		ic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test	
		tion (e.g. daphnia, fish species)	
ES		ure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to	
		a worker may be exposed in a work day.	
EPA GHS		nmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)	
		ly Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency	
		ency action code of manufers and letters that provide mormation to emergency	
HSNO		lous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
LEL/UEL	Lower Explosive Limit/ Upper Explosive Limit		
	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).		
		Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population	
MSDS (SDS)	(usually rats) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)		
NICNAS	National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme		
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals		
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded		
STOT RE	Systen	n Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure	
STOT SE		n Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure	
TWA		Veighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day y 8 hours)	
UN Number		Nations Number	
WES		ace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical	
	agent t	o which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a	
		The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring	
	using p	procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.	
References			
Data	databa	otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information ase (CCID).	
Controls		otices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)	
WES		ations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz test NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available	
	on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.		
ES	Workp	lace Exposure standards for airborne contaminants – Safework Australia.	
Other References:	ther References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus		

Review

Date December 2019 April 2023 May 2024

Disclaimer

Reason for review Not applicable – new SDS, supercedes previous SDS Update, new address, HSNO to GHS New address

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

