

Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Terracin
Other names no other names

Product codes NA

HSNO approval HSR002571

Approval description Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017

UN number NA
DG class NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

Uses Soil Biocide for controlling Armillaria spp in kiwifruit orchards

Company Details

Company Biostart LTD Biostart Brands PTY Ltd

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2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017): The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017.

Classes Hazard Statements

6.4A H320 - Causes eye irritation.

6.9B H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

9.1D H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

SYMBOLS

WARNING





Australian GHS Classification

Eye irritation cat. 2 H320 - Causes eye irritation.

STOT RE cat 2 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aquatic acute cat 4 H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

P103 - Read label before use.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection*.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.



Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Nonviable fermentation products	proprietary	>50%
Manganese sulphate monohydrate	7785-87-7	1-10%
Zinc sulphate	7733-02-0	1-10%
Ingredients not contributing to HSNO classes	Mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed Eye contact Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor.

If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact Inhaled

This product is non-irritating to skin. No further measures should be required. Generally, inhalation of vapours is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically

Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam.

Unknown.

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

Accidental Release Measures

Containment

If greater than 10000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to storm water.

Emergency procedures

In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council

immediately).

Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled Clean-up method

containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has

occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.



Data unavailable



7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in

Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA* WES-STEL
Exposure Stds Zinc compounds Zinc dust: 10mg/m³ Data unavailable
Zinc oxide: 3mg/m³ Data unavailable

Manganese sulphate monohydrate 1mg/m³

Exposure Standards - Australia

Australian Zinc compounds Zinc oxide dust: 10mg/m³

Exposure Manganese sulphate monohydrate 1mg/m³

Standards Data unavailable

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes

Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin

Respiratory

Not applicable

WES Additional Information

Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time. Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance light brown liquid
Odour not specified
pH 3.8-4.1
Vapour pressure no data
Viscosity no data
Parling point

Boiling point as for water (100)

Volatile materials no data

Freezing / melting point liquid at room temperature Solubility completely soluble in water

Specific gravity / density

Flash point

Danger of explosion

Auto-ignition temperature
Upper & lower flammable limits
Corrosiveness

1.06-1.08

no data

no data

no data





10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups Substance Specific

Strong acids and bases, oxidisers.

Incompatibility

none known

Hazardous decomposition

Oxides of carbon, sulphur

products

Hazardous reactions none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

IF IN EYES: may be irritating to the eye.

IF ON SKIN: no effect known. IF INHALED: no effect known.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: repeated or prolonged exposure to manganese sulphate could result in effects to the lungs and central

nervous system.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Manganese sulphate monohydrate 782mg/kg (rat),

Zinc sulphate 926mg/kg (mouse).

Dermal No evidence of dermal toxicity.

Inhaled No evidence of inhalation toxicity.

EyeThe mixture is considered to be an eye irritant. **Skin**The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

Chronic

Sensitisation
Mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive /
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic The mixture is considered to be a suspected target organ toxicant. Repeated or

prolonged exposure to manganese sulphate could result in effects to the lungs and

central nervous system.

Aggravation of existing conditions

None known.

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture may be harmful towards aquatic organisms

Supporting Data

Aguatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 1 and 100

mg/L. Data considered includes: Nonviable fermentation products no data, Zinc sulphate

98.77ug/L (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss), 0.09877mg/L (48hr, Daphnia hyalina),

0.02469mg/L (5d, Ditylum brightwellii Diatom).

Bioaccumulation No data **Degradability** No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council, resource consent and

state disposal conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents. In New Zealand disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which

approval should be sought from the Regional Authority.

In Australia disposal of this product must comply with the requirements of state and local disposal regulations.

The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge

to the environment.

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Disposal method

Product Name: Terracin





Contaminated packaging

Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

15. Regulatory Information

NZ regulations

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017.

All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including

substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own

use or have been supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 10000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required.

Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 10000L is stored.

Signage Required if > 10000L is stored.

Location compliance certificate Not required.
Flammable zone Not required.
Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

Australian regulations

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling

of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP)
Applicable prohibitions and

notifications/licensing requirements
Agricultural and Veterinary

Chemicals Act

Listing in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

Not scheduled

Not listed

Not listed

Magnesium sulfate, heptahydrate - IMAP - Tier I - Human Health Manganous sulfate, monohydrate - IMAP - Tier II - Human Health

Zinc sulphate - listed

Additional information Not applicable





Abbreviations

FΡΔ

16. Other Information

Approval Code Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 Controls,

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

AICS

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number

Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.

Controls MatrixList of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16). **EC**₅₀
Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to

which a worker may be exposed in a work day. Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL/UEL Lower Explosive Limit/ Upper Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% − concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS)

Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

NICNAS National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

ES Workplace Exposure standards for airborne contaminants – Safework Australia.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

DateReason for reviewJune 2019Not applicable – new SDS

December 2019 Group Standard

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

